



Minnesota Statutes

Compostable Bag Requirements

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115A.931, is amended to read: 115A.931 YARD WASTE PROHIBITION.

(a) Except as authorized by the agency, in the metropolitan area after January 1, 1990, and outside the metropolitan area after January 1, 1992, a person may not place yard waste:

- (1) in mixed municipal solid waste;
- (2) in a disposal facility; or
- (3) in a resource recovery facility except for the purposes of reuse, composting, or composting.

(b) [Renumbered 115A.03, subd 38]

(c) On or after January 1, 2010, a person may not place yard waste or source-separated compostable materials generated in a metropolitan county in a plastic bag delivered to a transfer station or compost facility unless the bag meets all the specifications in ASTM Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics (D6400). For purposes of this paragraph, “metropolitan county” has the meaning given in section 473.121, subdivision 4, and “ASTM” has the meaning given in section 296A.01, subdivision 6.

(d) A person who immediately empties a plastic bag containing yard waste or source-separated compostable materials delivered to a transfer station or compost facility and removes the plastic bag from the transfer station or compost facility is exempt from paragraph (c).

(e) Residents of a city of the first class that currently contracts for the collection of yard waste are exempt from paragraph (c) until January 1, 2013, if, by that date, the city implements a citywide source-separated compostable materials collection program using durable carts.

Compostable Bag Standards

Sec. 57. [325E.046] STANDARDS FOR LABELING PLASTIC BAGS.

Subdivision 1. “Biodegradable” label. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler may not offer for sale in this state a plastic bag labeled “biodegradable,” “degradable,” or any form of those terms, or in any way imply that the bag will chemically decompose into innocuous elements in a reasonably short period of time in a landfill, composting, or other terrestrial environment unless a scientifically based standard for biodegradability is developed and the bags are certified as meeting the standard.

Subd. 2. “Compostable” label. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler may not offer for sale in this state a plastic bag labeled “compostable” unless, at the time of sale, the bag meets the ASTM Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics (D6400). Each bag must be labeled to reflect that it meets the standard. For purposes of this subdivision, “ASTM” has the meaning given in section 296A.01, subdivision 6.

Subd. 3. Enforcement; civil penalty; injunctive relief. (a) A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler who violates subdivision 1 or 2 is subject to a civil penalty of \$100 for each prepackaged saleable unit offered for sale up to a maximum of \$5,000 and may be enjoined from those violations.

(b) The attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state in a court of competent jurisdiction for recovery of civil penalties or for injunctive relief as provided in this subdivision. The attorney general may accept an assurance of discontinuance of acts in violation of subdivision 1 or 2 in the manner provided in section 8.31, subdivision 2b.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2010.

BIOgroupUSA, Inc.

PO Box 369

Palm Harbor, FL 34682

ph: 800.959.2247

email: info@biobagusa.com

website: www.biobagusa.com